ಶ್ರೀ ಪಿ. ಜಿ. ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತಿ.—ಈ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಜಲಾಶಯದಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರು ನಿಂಗ್ರಹಿಸಿ ಕೆನಾಲ್‌ಗೆ ನೀರು ಪೂರೈಸುವಾಗ್ಗೆ, ಈ ನೀರಿನಿಂದ ವಿದ್ಯುಚ್ಛಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಉತ್ಪಾದನೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಒದಗಿಸುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

Sri H. K. VEERANNA GOWDH.—It will be investigated in the third stage whether it is profitable or economical to produce power.

ಶ್ರೀ ಇ. ಪುಂದಲೀಕಪ್ಪ.—ಎಲ್ಲ final ಆಗುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಎಷ್ಟು ಸಮಯ ಹಿಡಿಯುತ್ತದೆ ?

Sri H. K. VEERANNA GOWDH.—We have announced the first and second stages. The third stage will be taken up later on. It will be done expenditiously.

ಶ್ರೀ ಪಿ. ಜಿ. ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತಿ.—ಅಲಮಟ್ಟಿ dam ಕೆಲಸ ಪೂರ್ತಿ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಷ್ಟ ನೀರಿನ ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ವಿಷಯ ಇತ್ಯರ್ಥವಾಗಬೇಕೋ ಅಥವಾ ಅದೂ ಪೂರ್ತಿಮಾಡಲಿಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ.

Sri H. K. VEERANNA GOWDH.—That question will be settled soon, as has been promised by the Union Deputy Minister for Irrigation, Sri Hatthi.

ISSUE OF LICENSES TO THE SEED PREPARERS IN SERICULTURAL DIVISION IN THE STATE.

*Q.—604. Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED (Kolar).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the number of Licenses issued to the Seed preparers in each Sericultural Division in the state ;

(*b*) the number of lots and the maximum quantity of both Mysore and foreign race seed cocoons a licensed seed preparer is expected to arrange per lot per month ;

(*c*) the quantity of foreign race layings required by each licensee per month for getting them reared for arranging lots for the preparation of cross breed layings ;

(*d*) the total quantity of foreign race basic seed cocoons produced in all the Government Farms in the State ;

(*e*) the quantity of foreign race layings prepared during February 1961 in all the Government Grainages ?

A.—Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY (Deputy Minister for Planning and Development).—

(*a*)	Kolar	...	180
	Mysore	...	84
	Channapatna	...	99
	Kollegal	...	120
	Chamarajanagar	...	91

(Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY)

(*b*) Number of lots has not been fixed. The maximum quantity of Mysore seed cocoons foreign rate seeds cocoons to be kept for each lot is fixed at 40,000 and not less than 35 per cent of Mysore seed cocoons respectively.

(*c*) This depends upon the programme of preparation of cross breed layings of each individual licensed seed preparer.

(*d*) About 40 lakhs during 1959-60.

(*e*) About 42,000.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—Have all the licenses been renewed for the current year ?

†Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Applications have been made for renewal and they are under the consideration of Government.

Sri G. VENKATI GOWDA.—May I know the number of applicants that sought for these licenses during 1960-61 ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—All that applied got licenses.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—What is the number of lots that can be issued for licensees preparing foreign race seed cocoons.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—The Hon'ble Member himself is a rearer but I will put the figure as 4 or 5.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—May I know the indents placed by these licensed seed preparers for foreign race basic seed ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That number is not available just now.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—May I know if the Gove nment is in a position to meet the demand in respect of all the demand ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Certainly.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—In answer to (*d*), it is stated that 40 lakhs of foreign race basic seed cocoons were produced in the Government Farms during 1959-60. What is the demand for this ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—It will be about 15 lakhs layings.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—My question is what the demand in respect of the foreign race basic seed cocoons ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That would be about 60 lakhs of cocoons.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—How do you propose to meet the demand in respect of the balance ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Under the present rules, the seed preparers should have 3 or 4 seed rearers of foreign race and they will have to take licence and prepare. What the Government has to do on

its part, it is certainly doing but so far as the seed preparers are concerned, they seem to be relying upon private preparers still. They have to come to Government under the rules and they will have to take license for the seed rearers also and prepare white cocoons.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Suppose the licensed people do not take it from the private people. When they are licensed how can they meet the balance ? Is there any obligation that they should also rear foreign cocoons ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That obligation is there.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Then what is the meaning of your telling that they have to approach private people.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Each seed preparer—they are 600 in all-will have to have 3 or 4 foreign race seed rearers with them.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—But you have not given the number of seed preparers who have been issued licence ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—About 1,390 have been given licence.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—According to the reply, 1.3 lakhs of foreign race layings are required for use of the licensees. Whereas during the month of February only 42 thousand layings have been prepared. Can I take it that the department is incapable of meeting the requirements of the licensees.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That is not so. Government is in a position now to give 15 lakhs of layings of foreign race. This has to be purchased by the seed rearers on behalf of the seed producers and they have to multiply in turn.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—The layings have to be purchased from the department only. They cannot purchase it from the private people. The basic foreign race layings demanded by the licensees is to the extent of 1.3 lakhs per month, whereas after the implementation of the Act, the Department has produced only 42 thousand layings. Thus there is a defecit of 60 thousand. This clearly shows that Department is incapable of meeting the requirements of the State ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—It is not so. Under the law, Government is prepared to give about 15 lakhs of layings. The seed preparers and the seed rearers will have to take these layings and they will have to multiply them. The seed rearers will have to prepare white cocoons and they will have to supply to seed preparers.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—It is the obligation of the Government to issue basic seed foreign race layings to the licensees. They cannot purchase any where else and Government is not in a position to meet the requirement.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Whoever has been coming forward have been supplied. Unfortunately they are not coming forward because they are relying upon private preparers. We are trying to take steps and see how best this could be checked and the law and rules enforced strictly.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA.—Is it not a fact that in certain cases, Government have intimated the seed preparers that the basic seed or the seed of the white race is not available with the department?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—I have already replied.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is there any prohibition for these seed preparers to purchase in the private sector?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That is a matter of law. The several provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder will make the position clear.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—That is the impossible position created by Government. With the passing of the order of 1960, they cannot go to the private people to purchase their requirements and the Government farms are not in a position to supply the full requirements of the people in the trade. Is not the trade suffering. What is the remedy found out. A statement has been created in the industry.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That is not the position at all. We supply on the basis of the indents received by us. To the extent of the indents that we have received, we have supplied. What has happened is that the seed preparers under the present rules should have, each one of them, about 3 or 4 seed rearers of foreign race. But they are not having them because they think that if they have 3 or 4 seed rearers with them they will have to purchase the cocoons from them whether they need them or not. Therefore they rely on the private market where they can purchase what they want. The idea of State regulation in this respect is that we should have pure seeds. The seed rearers and seed producers are not playing their part. The Government is in a position to give 15 lakhs of layings and even more if necessary and if indented. The Hon'ble Member may find out if there are indents which have not been met. All indents have been met.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is it not a fact that 1.3 lakhs was the demand made in February 1961 whereas you produced only 42,000 layings in Government farms?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—It is for one month and in one form only. We have 11 farms in the State. We prepare only according to the indents received. If there are more indents we will prepare more. These are perishable and we cannot keep them in stock for long awaiting future indents.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is it not a fact that there was an indent for 1.3 lakhs layings.....

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—No. It is not a fact.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—Is it not a fact that the Government is preparing cross breed layings but they cannot prepare foreign layings which is the obligation of Government.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—We cannot help it, They are not making sufficient indents. The surplus white cocoons are being made use of for cross breeding purposes.

1-30 P. M.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to say during the last six months how many cross breed layings were prepared and foreign race layings prepared in your farms as against the requirements?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That is a different questions.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—I am trying to see that it was not only 42,000 that was minimum requirment. There have been greater indents than you prepared. If you can give me figures of indents and the layings both cross breed layings and foreign breed, you will be convinced that the information that you got is not correct.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—First of all, we have no indents for more than 42,000. So far as figures for the last six months, I do not have them with me just now.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಂದೂರು ರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉಪಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು 4-5 ಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಟಿ. ಎ. ಮತ್ತು ಡಿ. ಎ. ಅನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಹಾಗಾದರೆ ರೇಷ್ಮೆ ಸೀಡ್ ಫಾರಮ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ ಎಷ್ಟು ಸಾರಿ ಹೋಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ?

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಟಿ.ಎ. ಡಿ.ಎ. ವಿಚಾರವನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬೇರೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಕೇಳಿ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಂದೂರು ರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉಪಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಸಾರಿ ಸೀಡ್ ಫಾರಮ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ ಭೇಟಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಸಿ. ಲಿಂಗಾರೆಡ್ಡಿ.—ಆ ಪ್ರಮಾಣಗಳ ನಂಬರ್ ಈಗ ನನ್ನಲ್ಲಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri C. K. RAJAIAH SHETTY.—At least, have you visited these farms?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Yes, I have seen.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA —When the Government intend to successfully implement the seed legislation, is it not binding on the part of the Government to give an assurance for the seed prepareres that there will be at least a price which do not hinder their profession ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Certainly.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA.—What arrangements has been made then in that line to secure them proper price.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—I do not understand what the Hon'ble Member means by proper price.

Sri J. VENKATAPPA.—S- that, in all seasons whether there is demand or not, for the seeds prepared, the raiyat should be assured of a certain price which is not such as to hinder his profession. He should not be made to incur any loss. What arrangement has been made by the Department to come to his rescue when there is no demand at all for the seed ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—That is a point which has to be considered very carefully.

Sri D. ABDUL RASHEED.—Are there any instances when the entire requirement of seed was prepared in a month and due to lack of indent, any part of it was destroyed, because the layings are perishable as the Hon'ble Minister was pleased to say.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—For the indents that were made, we had cocoons for the preparation of layings. The excess that were made were utilised for the preparation of cross-breed layings. It is not therefore that there were more indents.

DRAW WELLS SANCTIONED IN HIREKERUR TALUK.

*Q.—650. Sri G. B. SHNKAR RAO (Hirekerur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the names of villages in Hirekerur Taluk for which draw wells were sanctioned during the last four years up to March 1931 ;

(*b*) the number of them for which the construction is complete ;

(*c*) the names of villages still requiring draw wells ?

A.— Sri T. SUBRAMANYA (Minister for Development and Local Self-Government).—

(*a*) *Vide* list given below.

(*b*) 18.

(*c*) 1. Ramtirth, 2. Yadyod, 3. Kirageri, 4. Paradkeri, 7. Badsangapur, 6. Chikmorab, 7. Malagi.